



رابعاً: الملخصات باللغة الإنجليزية

The last Review of the Holy Quran

Dr. Nasser bin Saud Alquthami

The research deals with the concept of the last Review of the Holy Quran, its importance, explanation of its indication, the names of the Prophet's companions who attended it and some issues related to the topic.

The research also deals with the last Review and its relationship with "Alahruff Alsabaa" which means: seven phases similar in meaning but different in sound. It also deals with its effect in Holy Quran gathering, in the recitations of the Holy Quran and the Uthman's copies of the Holy Quran.

The research contains :

a) The preface: which includes the importance of the research, its objectives, its plan and the previous studies related to the topic.

b) The introduction: which consists of: The Review of "the Holy Spirit"[Gabriel] with the Prophet(peace be upon him) of the Holy Quran every year.

c) The first chapter: in which, I talked about the concept of the last Review and its importance according to its true copies and its approval to be worshipped by and its releasing to a stage of odd recitations. I also talked about the Prophet's companions who attended that Last Review of the Holy Quran.

d) The second chapter: in which, I talked about the effects of

the Last Review in gathering the Holy Quran, in the recitations and in the Uthman's Copies of the Holy Quran.

e) The Conclusion: The important results are:

1- The last Review followed and took up the readable, worshipped Quran.

2- The last Review was a main base for gathering the Holy Quran and for what Caliph Uthman, who united the people towards it in a copy which went and matched with the last Review of the Holy Quran.

And Praise be to Allah.

The Prior phases in the Performance of the three Reciters

Dr. Hatem Altamimi & Dr. Taqiudeen Altamimi

This study includes what is prior (takes the priority) in the performance of the three types of reading which complete the other seven readings of the Holy Quran. Moreover, this study gives an explanation and illustration to some of issues and phases of preferring the presentation of one type of reading to another, which hasn't been included in other earlier books or studies on this field.

This study is distinguished for guidance, and illustrates the reasons of priority of one type better than the other. In addition, it shows how some points of differences can sometimes be convincing enough to be considered a reliable evidence.

However, in other cases they can't be considered so convincing that they can be neglected.

The Scientific Selections of [Ibn Taymiyyah] in the Replicator

"making an exact copy of something"

**and The Abrogated "putting an end to something or
cancelling" of Quranic Verses**

Dr. Ali Bin Jared Alanzi

This research titled by: The Scientific Selections of Imam Ibn Taymiyyah in: The Replicator and The Abrogated in the Quranic Verses.

The research tackles one of the most important subjects of the Holy Quran Sciences: The Abrogation in the Holy Quran according to the selections of Imam Ibn Taymiyyah.

This subject can be a base for extracting other scholars' speech and opinions in this important field of the Holy Quran Sciences.

The research concludes a preface that I mentioned in it the importance of this Science and the procedure of the research.

The number of the verses which I studied was eleven verses. I had studied the selection of Ibn Taymiyyah and then I compared it with the speech and opinions of the most famous scholars.

I also explained which verse is probable and which is the most probable according to if there is abrogation or not.

The scientific remarks and observations of Imam Al-Alusy
about rhetorical directives of Imam Al-Razy
regarding some analogous verses in Surah
Al-Baqarah and Al-A'raaf
Dr.Mohammed bin Abdul-Aziz Nasief

This research dealt with scientific comments and observations of Imam Al-Alusy (may Allah bestow His mercy on him), about rhetorical directions of Imam Al-Razy (may Allah bestow His mercy on him), regarding some analogous verses in Surah Al-Baqarah and Al-A'raaf. These observations have been presented and discussed in light of what other scholars have mentioned about the same Holy verses besides these two and as such the research was titled: "Al-Alusy's remarks and observations about Al-Razy's directives regarding the literally inconspicuous (analogous) verses of the commandment to enter upon the township - presentation and discussion".

The research has come with the necessity to pay attention to literally inconspicuous (analogous) verses and give them their due right with respect to academic research.

May the blessings and peace of Allah be on our trustworthy Prophet and all praise is due to Allah the Lord and Cherisher of the worlds.

Hamzat Al-Istifham : It's rules and conjunction

with the conditional article in the Holy Quran

Dr. Mustafa Fuad Ahmad

The research showed the properties of Hamzat Al-Istifham and then its outgoing of the meaning of the inquiring.

The research mentioned its connection with the conditional article in the Holy Quran if it was a noun or a letter showing the points of difference related to the entering of Hamzat Al-Istifham within the conditional article and the opinions of each group.

The researcher chosed that which he thought the best.

Fateh Al-Kabeer Al-Mutaal-

Commentary of Muzhibat Al-Ishkal

Dr. Abdul-Hameed Alsaedy

Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the worlds and the prayers and peace be upon Prophet Mohammed.

The subject matter of this research is a study and verification of a poem which is called "Muzhibat Al-Ishkal" with its explanation: "Fateh Al-Kabeer Al-Mutaal" written and composed by Imam Mohammed bin Qasem Albaqri (dead :1111H) . It is very clear by its title that this Imam had composed

on very important issues that many reciters and students of recitations science can find it somewhat difficult to understand. This is clear in some Holy Quran Surats e.g: ﴿ءَأَلْفَنَّ﴾ in Surat Yunus, ﴿ءَأَلَّهُ﴾ in Yunus and Al-Naml, ﴿ءَأَلَّذَكَرَيْنَ﴾ in two places of Al-Anaam, ﴿السَّحْرُ﴾ based on Abu Amr and Abu Jafar recitation as well as the repeated interrogation in eleven places of nine Surats, gathering weak letters (leen) with (Badal) together in one place as in ﴿سَوَاءَات﴾ which may conceal from the others and make it difficult to grasp the meaning.

The author has incidentally dealt with some issues related to religious believes and language. He also cited some traditional and scholars opinions.

The researcher cared a lot to bring out this research to suit and match it scientific subject, following the scientific method in the verification and the study step by step as recorded in the research plan. He relied on four written copies of the book that written in different periods of time.

Firstly he provided an adequate biography of the author in detailed paragraphs. Then he dealt with a study of the book as shown in Plan of the research. After that he mentioned a number of points and suggestions as a conclusion to the research.

Finally he added the index of the research.



ABSTRACTS OF THE ARABIC PAPERS

